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First Inventor or Application Identifier

Harry Hvostov

Title

SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR INTERFACING
NETWORK STATION SUBSYSTEMS

Express Mail Label No.

EL615483487US

APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.

ADDRESS TO:

Box Patent Application
Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 202311. ☐ General Authorization Form & Fee Transmittal
(Submit an original and a duplicate for fee processing)2. ☒ Specification [Total Pages] **22**
(preferred arrangement set forth below)

- Descriptive Title of the Invention
- Cross References to Related Applications
- Statement Regarding Fed sponsored R & D
- Reference to Microfiche Appendix
- Background of the Invention
- Brief Summary of the Invention
- Brief Description of the Drawings (if filed)
- Detailed Description
- Claim(s)
- Abstract of the Disclosure

3. ☒ Drawing(s) (35 USC 113) [Total Sheets] **1**

4. Oath or Declaration [Total Pages]

- a. ☐ Newly executed (original or copy)
- b. ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d))
(for continuation/divisional with Box 17 completed)
- i. ☐ **DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)**
Signed statement attached deleting
inventor(s) named in the prior application,
see 37 CFR 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b)

5. ☐ Incorporation By Reference (useable if box 4b is
checked) The entire disclosure of the prior application,
from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied
under Box 4b, is considered to be part of the disclosure of
the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated
by reference therein.6. ☐ Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix)7. Nucleotide and Amino Acid Sequence Submission
(if applicable, all necessary)

- a. ☐ Computer-Readable Copy
- b. ☐ Paper Copy (identical to computer copy)
- c. ☐ Statement verifying identity of above copies

ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS

8. ☐ Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))9. ☐ 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement (when there is an assignee) ☐ Power of Attorney10. ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)11. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 ☐ Copies of IDS Citations12. ☐ Preliminary Amendment13. ☒ Return Receipt Postcard14. ☐ Small Entity Statement(s) ☐ Statement filed in prior application,
Status still proper and desired15. ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)
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17. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box and supply the requisite information below and in a preliminary amendment

☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-In-Part (CIP) of prior Application No.: _____

Prior application information: Examiner _____ Group / Art Unit _____

☐ Claims the benefit of Provisional Application No. _____

CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS

E. Russell Tarleton
Seed Intellectual Property Law Group PLLC
701 Fifth Avenue, Suite 6300
Seattle, Washington 98104-7092
Phone: (206) 622-4900 / Fax: (206) 682-6031

Respectfully submitted,

TYPED or PRINTED NAME E. Russell TarletonSIGNATURE E. Russell TarletonREGISTRATION NO. 31,800Date Oct. 5, 2000

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

PATENT



Applicant : Harry Hvostov
For : SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR INTERFACING NETWORK
STATION SUBSYSTEMS

Docket No. : 850063.581

Date : October 5, 2000

Box Patent Application
Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, DC 20231

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Kristine K. Houston

MRH:lma

Enclosures:

- Postcard
- Form PTO/SB/05
- Specification, Claims, Abstract (22 pages)
- 1 Sheet of Drawings (Figures 1-2)

SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR INTERFACING NETWORK STATION SUBSYSTEMS

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention pertains to a method and design for network station subsystem operations, and, more particularly, to an interface reference method and system implemented in one embodiment in an Operational Support System Interface (OSSI) client manager for interaction with Cable Modem (CM) applications.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The transmission of high-speed data via cable television systems involves the bi-directional transfer of Internet Protocol (IP) traffic over a cable system, typically an all-coaxial or hybrid fiber-coax (HFC) cable network. More particularly, and with reference to Figure 1, the transmission path over such a cable system is realized at the head end by a cable-modem-termination system (CMTS) and at each customer location by a cable modem (CM). At the head end (or hub), the interface to the data-over-cable system is known as the cable-modem-termination system network-side interface (CMTS-NSI). At the customer locations, the interface is known as the cable-modem to customer-premises-equipment interface (CMCI). The system functions to transparently transfer IP traffic between these interfaces, including, but not limited to, datagrams, Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP), Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP), and IP group addressing (broadcast and multicast).

As described more fully in co-pending U.S. patent application number 09/464,637, entitled Network Station Management System and Method, which is incorporated herein in its entirety, a networking manager is a cable modem management task interacting with the application-layer Internet Protocol (IP) components in order to establish and manage Internet connectivity. These IP components can include:

1. Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) Client
2. Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) for Configuration Download

3. Time of Day (TOD) Client
4. TFTP for New Software Download
5. Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Agent

Each application-layer component is designed to run as a separate task. Each of these tasks use a messaging system (in this particular case Operating System (OS) provided messaging system) and send data to the networking manager in the body of the messages. This task design also enables the networking manager to perform other cable modem management functions (improving CPU bandwidth utilization) by checking on the application-layer task messages only as needed.

The Operations Support System Interface (OSSI) Management component is designed on the Object Oriented Design concept base. The reason for this is to allow sufficient flexibility to deal with the ever-changing OSSI requirements largely depending on control mechanisms through Management Information Base (MIB) Objects. The cable modem OSSI Client Manager is a task created at boot time. It has its own message queue to receive work from the Application-layer tasks or from the networking manager task and it sends messages to the networking manager task.

Thus, the OSSI subsystem architecture is based on a simplified component object model. Each component in this architecture can act as a server or a client. A server component implements a certain functionality set. It exposes its functionality set through interfaces. An interface is an invariant contract that defines the interaction between the server and the client components. An interface is represented by a set of methods whose signatures (function prototypes) never change but whose implementation may change.

For a client to use methods in a server's interface, a client must be able to access the functions through the interface. Hence, there is a need for a method and architecture that enables rapid and efficient client access to the functions embodied in a server interface.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The disclosed embodiments of the present invention pertain to a network station subsystem architecture that uses a simplified interface reference discovery method. More particularly, in one embodiment a method for managing client-server communications is disclosed that includes providing a server with functions and interface methods; providing a client with references to the interface methods; and processing client requests by invoking the interface methods on the server via the references. In accordance with one aspect of this embodiment, the interface methods comprise providing the server with a table of pointers to the functions, and providing the client with references to the table of pointers, ideally at the time of design.

In accordance with another embodiment, a method for network device subsystem operations is provided. The method includes implementing a first component in the network device, the first component having functions and function pointers corresponding to the functions; implementing a second component in the network device, the second component having references to the function pointers in the first component; generating a request from the first component for a function in the second component via the corresponding reference to the function pointer; and generating a response from the second component to provide the requested function to the first component.

In accordance with another embodiment of the invention, a network device is provided that includes a server component configured with a plurality of functions and function pointers for the plurality of functions; a client component configured with references to the function pointers; and an interface manager configured to receive requests for functions from the client component and to invoke the requested functions from the server component via the function pointers.

In accordance with yet another embodiment, a system for managing communications in a network station for a data-over-cable network having a plurality of network stations is provided. The system includes a plurality of components in the network station, each of the plurality of components having a functionality set and a table of pointers

for the functionality set; a station manager having references to the tables of pointers in the plurality of components; and an interface manager for communication with the plurality of components and the station manager, the interface manager configured to process station manager requests for functionality from the components through the interface manager via the references to the tables of pointers.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The foregoing will be more readily understood from the following detailed description when taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, wherein:

Figure 1 is a diagram of transparent IP traffic through a data-over-cable system; and

Figure 2 is a diagram of the general interface with the OSSI client manager in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

A. Architectural Concepts

The OSSI subsystem interacts with a Cable Modem Manager on a Request/Response basis. A general view of the interaction among the Cable Modem Manager and the OSSI subsystem, in this case the OSSI Client Manager, is illustrated in Figure 2. Generally, the CM Manager is configured to generate a request to the OSSI Client Manager in the OSSI subsystem. The OSSI Client Manager is configured to process the request and to generate a response to the CM Manager.

Based on the request contents, the OSSI Client Manager determines which components need to be used in order to fulfill the request. The OSSI Client Manager then will invoke the methods in the appropriate component interfaces. In one embodiment, the CM Manager and the OSSI Client Manager reference the component functions by pointers,

ideally stored in a table of pointers in each component interface. All the data storage referenced by the pointer in the request message can be in the shared system memory area.

B. Design

1. OSSI Client Manager Task

The OSSI Client Manager is designed to run as a single threaded out of process application task. The Cable Modem Manager (CMM) creates the OSSI Client Manager task during the cable modem initialization phase by calling an API `ossi_task_create`.

The task priority of the OSSI Client Manager task depends on the hardware and RTOS platforms. The following Table 1 shows an example of task priority assignment on two platforms.

Task Name	ST20/OS20 – JEI Build		Explorer/PTV
	Single Ethernet	Bridge Capable	
ossi_client_manager	10	8	10

Table 1 – OSSI Client Manager task priority assignment

2. Interface with OSSI Client Manager

The external interface between the Cable Modem applications and the OSSI system is based on a message system. Two message queues (Request Message Queue and Response Message Queue) are used. The Request Message Queue and the Response Message Queue are created and initialized by the OSSI Client Manager.

a. Request Message Queue

The Cable Manager requests a specific function to be performed by the OSSI Client Manager by queuing a request message into the Request Message Queue. The Cable Modem Manager can queue multiple request messages in the Request Message Queue. But

the OSSI Client Manager can only service one request message at a time (based on first comes first serves policy). The general format of the Request Message is defined in Table 2.

word	31	30	29	28	26	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
00	Request Function Code																Function Specific Parameter 0															
	Component ID								Interface ID																							
01	Function Specific Parameter 1																															
02	Function Specific Parameter 2																															
03	Function Specific Parameter 3																															

Table 2 – The general format of the Request Message

i. Request Function Code (word 0, bits 31- 16)

The Request Message Code is composed of two ID fields (Component and Interface). These two ID fields are mainly for OSSI Client Manager internal use. When the OSSI Client Manager receives the Request Message, the OSSI Client Manager picks up the Component ID from the Request function code to determine which Management Component will respond to this request from the OSSI Management Component table. Once the OSSI Management component has been identified. The OSSI Client Manager picks up the Interface ID from the Request Function Code. The OSSI Client Manager uses the Interface ID as a reference pointer within the identified Component Interface Table to fetch the function pointer of the interface method to be invoked. Each request function code is uniquely defined in Table 3.

Request Function	Component ID	Interface ID	Request Function Code
Software Upgrade	01-Configuration Management	00	0x0100
Enable CPE/CM IP Host Communication	02-Fault Management	00	0x0200
Start CPE/CM IP Host Communication	02-Fault Management	01	0x0201
Event Notification	02-Fault Management	02	0x0202
Clean-Up Event Log	02-Fault Management	03	0x0203
Copy Event Log from NVS to DRAM	02-Fault Management	04	0x0204
Copy Event Log from DRAM to NVS	02-Fault Management	05	0x0205
Reset Event Log	02-Fault Management	06	0x0206

Table 3 – Request Function Codes

ii. Function Specific Parameter 0 (word 0, bits 15 – 0)

Function Specific Parameter 1 (word 1, bits 31 – 0)

Function Specific Parameter 2 (word 2, bits 31 – 0)

Function Specific Parameter 3 (word 2, bits 31 – 0)

All four Function Specific Parameter fields are used to pass any input parameters required for the execution of the requesting function. For those not used parameter fields should be set with a value of zero. Since the OSSI components execute in-process, no marshaling and unmarshaling of the parameters is required.

b. Response Message Queue

The OSSI Client Manager returns the completion status and response information of the requested functions (besides the Event Notification request) in the response message. All unused fields should be set with a value of zero. The general format of the Response Message is defined in Table 4.

word	31	30	29	28	26	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
00	Requested Function Code																Completion Status															
01	Response Information 0																															
02	Response Information 1																															
03	Not Used (0)																															

Table 4 – The general format of the Response Message

3. Supported Request Functions

a. Software Upgrade (0x0100)

When the Cable Modem Manager recognizes there is a need for software upgrade, either from the Configuration file or from the SNMP Manager, the Cable Modem Manager sends this Software Upgrade request message to the OSSI Client Manager. It also specifies a pointer to the TFTP server IP address in Function Specific Parameter 1 and a pointer to the software upgrade image's name in Function Specific Parameter 2 in the Request Message. The format of the Software Download from the Configuration file Request Message is defined in Table 5.

Word	31	30	29	28	26	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
00	0x0100																Not Used (0)															
01	Pointer to TFTP Server IP Address																															
02	Pointer to Software Upgrade Image's Name																															
03	Not Used (0)																															

Table 5 – The format of Software Upgrade Request Message

Under normal operation, no Software Upgrade Response Message will be returned to the Cable Modem Manager. The Cable Modem will reboot itself from its new software upgrade image. The OSSI Client Manager only returns a Response Message to the

Cable Modem Manager when there is an error detected during the software upgrade process. The format of the Software Upgrade Response Message is defined in Table 6.

Word	31	30	29	28	26	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
00	0x0100																0x0000 – Completed with no error.															
																	0x0001 – Software Image not found.															
																	0x0002 – Incompatible Software Version.															
																	0x0003 – Incompatible Hardware Version.															
																	0x0004 – Insufficient memory allocation.															
																	0x0005 – Timeout on TFTP.															
																	0x0006 – Error in header file.															
																	0x0007 – Invalid Checksum.															
																	0x0008 – Same image, no download needed.															
01																	Not Used (0)															
02																	Not Used (0)															
03																	Not Used (0)															

Table 6 – The format of Software Upgrade file Response Message

b. Enable CPE/CM IP Host Communication (0x0200)

When the Cable Modem Manager decides to enable communication between the CPE and the CM IP Host, the Cable Modem Manger sends an Enable CPE/CM IP Host Communication request message to the OSSI Client Manager. The OSSI Client Manager sets an OSSICpeIpHostComm bit in the OSSI status word. The format of the Enable CPE/CM IP Host Communication Request Message is defined in Table 7.

Word	31	30	29	28	26	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
00	0x0200																Not Used (0)															
01																	Not Used (0)															
02																	Not Used (0)															
03																	Not Used (0)															

Table 7 – The format of Enable CPE/CM IP Host Communication Request Message

At the completion of the Enable CPE/CM IP Host Communication request, the OSSI Client Manager returns a Response Message to the Cable Modem Manager. The format of the Enable CPE/CM IP Host Communication Response Message is defined in Table 8.

Word	31	30	29	28	26	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
00	0x0200																0x0000 – Completed with no error.															
01																	Not Used (0)															
02																	Not Used (0)															
03																	Not Used (0)															

Table 8 – The format of Enable CPE/CM IP Host Communication Response Message

c. Start CPE/CM IP Host Communication (0x0201)

When the Cable Modem Manager decides to activate the CPE/CM IP Host Communication, the Cable Modem Manager sends a Start CPE/CM IP Host Communication request message to the OSSI Client Manager. The Start CPE/CM IP Host Communication interface enables communication between the CPE and the Cable Modem IP Host by calling the Bridge component provided by the API function `br_bridge_set ()`. After setting up the communication between the CPE and the Cable Modem IP Host, the `OSSICpeIpHostComm` bit will be reset in the OSSI status word. The format of the Start CPE/CM IP Host Communication Request Message is defined in Table 9.

Word	31	30	29	28	26	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
00	0x0200																Not Used (0)															
01																	Not Used (0)															
02																	Not Used (0)															
03																	Not Used (0)															

Table 9 – The format of Start CPE/CM IP Host Communication Request Message

At the completion of the Start CPE/CM IP Host Communication request, the OSSI Client Manager returns a Response Message to the requestor. The format of the Start CPE/CM IP Host Communication Response Message is defined in Table 10.

Word	31	30	29	28	26	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
00	0x0201															0x0000 – Completed with no error.																
																0x0009 – OSSICpeIpHostComm not set.																
																0x000A – CPE/IP Host connection failed																
01	Not Used (0)																															
02	Not Used (0)																															
03	Not Used (0)																															

Table 10 - The format of Start CPE/CM IP Host Communication Response Message

d. Event Notification (0x0202)

Any Cable Modem component can send trap, syslog, enterprise trap, and event log information to remote network hosts by sending an Event Notification request message to the OSSI Client Manager. A predefined event code will be specified in the function specific parameter 1 field. When the Event Code in the parameter 1 specifies this event is for sending Enterprise Trap, the requestor needs to specify the predefined Enterprise Trap number in the parameter 2 field. When sending an enterprise trap and the reported MIB object is an element of MIB object table, an interface index is required in the function specific parameter 3 field such that OSSI can reference that particular MIB object in the MIB object table. The OSSI Client Manager determines the appropriate action (trap, syslog or event log) to be taken by examining the event code. Any trap or syslog that cannot be reported at that time will be logged in the event log. The format of the Event Notification Request Message is defined in Table 11.

word	31	30	29	28	26	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	0x0202																Not Used (0)															
	Event Code																															
	Enterprise Trap number																															
	Interface Index within the mib object table (for Enterprise Trap only)																															

Table 11 – The format of Event Notification Request Message

At the completion of the Event Notification request, no Response Message is returned to the requestor.

e. Clean-Up Event Log (0x0203)

An unexpected power loss can garble a log entry in the event log. The Cable Modem Manager can recognize a garbled event log entry by checking the OSSINvsLogWritePending bit set in the OSSI status word during a subsequent system boot time and it must remove an incomplete log entry. The Cable Modem Manager sends this Clean-Up Event Log request message to the OSSI Client Manager. The OSSI Client Manager will remove the garbled log entry from the event log and reset the OSSINvsLogWritePending bit in the OSSI status word. The format of the Clean-Up Event Log Request Message is defined in Table 12.

word	31	30	29	28	26	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
00	0x0203																Not Used (0)															
01																	Not Used (0)															
02																	Not Used (0)															
03																	Not Used (0)															

Table 12 – The format of Clean-Up Event Log Request Message

At the completion of the Clean-Up Event Log request, the OSSI Client Manager returns a Response Message to the Cable Modem Manager. The format of the Clean-Up Event Log Response Message is defined in Table 13.

word	31	30	29	28	26	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
00	0x0203																0x0000 – Completed with no error.															
01	Not Used (0)																Not Used (0)															
02	Not Used (0)																Not Used (0)															
03	Not Used (0)																Not Used (0)															

Table 13 – The format of Clean-Up Event Log Response Message

f. Copy Event Log from NVS to DRAM

In order to synchronize the event log in the system memory (DRAM) with Non-Volatile Store Memory (NVS) during the Cable Modem initialization, the Cable Modem Manager sends this Copy Event Log from Non-Volatile Store Memory (NVS) to the system memory (DRAM) request message. The format of the Copy Event Log from NVS to DRAM is defined in the Table 14.

word	31	30	29	28	26	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
00	0x0204																Not Used (0)															
01	Not Used (0)																Not Used (0)															
02	Not Used (0)																Not Used (0)															
03	Not Used (0)																Not Used (0)															

Table 14 – The format of Copy Event Log from NVS to DRAM Request Message

At the completion of the Copy Event Log from NVS to DRAM request, the OSSI Client Manager returns a Response Message to the Cable Modem Manager. The format of the Copy Event Log from NVS to DRAM Response Message is defined in Table 15.

Word	31	30	29	28	26	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
00	0x0204																0x0000 – Completed with no error.															
01	Not Used (0)																Not Used (0)															
02	Not Used (0)																Not Used (0)															
03	Not Used (0)																Not Used (0)															

Table 15 – The format of Copy Event Log from NVS to DRAM Response Message

g. Copy Event Log from DRAM to NVS

In order to elongate the life of the Non-Volatile Store Memory, it is necessary to reduce the frequency of writing data to the Non-Volatile Store Memory (NVS). All event logs are stored in the system memory (DRAM) rather than in the Non-Volatile Store Memory (NVS) when the logging occurs. The Cable Modem synchronizes the event logs in the system memory (DRAM) and the Non-Volatile Store Memory (NVS) periodically every 30 seconds by writing back to the NVS if there is any change in the event logs. The format of the Copy of Event Log from DRAM to NVS Request Message is defined in Table 16.

word	31	30	29	28	26	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
00	0x0205																Not Used (0)															
01	Not Used (0)																Not Used (0)															
02	Not Used (0)																Not Used (0)															
03	Not Used (0)																Not Used (0)															

Table 16 – The format of Copy Event Log from DRAM to NVS Request Message

At the completion of the Copy Event Log from the DRAM to NVS request, the OSSI Client Manager returns a Response Message to the Cable Modem Manager. The format of the Copy Event Log from DRAM to NVS Response Message is defined in Table 17.

word	31	30	29	28	26	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
00	0x0205																0x0000 – Completed with no error.															
01	Not Used (0)																Not Used (0)															
02	Not Used (0)																Not Used (0)															
03	Not Used (0)																Not Used (0)															

Table 17 – The format of Copy Event Log from DRAM to NVS Response Message

h. Reset Event Log

When the Cable Manager receives a SNMP Set Request for the docsDevEvControl mib object with a value of resetlog (1), the Cable Manager sends this
5 Reset Event Log request message to the OSSI Client Manager. The format of the Reset Event Log Request Message is defined in Table 18.

word	31	30	29	28	26	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
00	0x0206																Not Used (0)															
01	Not Used (0)																Not Used (0)															
02	Not Used (0)																Not Used (0)															
03	Not Used (0)																Not Used (0)															

Table 18 – The format of Reset Event Log Request Message

At the completion of the Reset Event Log request, the OSSI Client Manager
10 returns a Response Message to the Cable Modem Manager. The format of the Reset Event Log Response Message is defined in Table 19.

word	31	30	29	28	26	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
00	0x0206																0x0000 – Completed with no error.															
01	Not Used (0)																Not Used (0)															
02	Not Used (0)																Not Used (0)															
03	Not Used (0)																Not Used (0)															

Table 19 – The format of Reset Event Log Response Message

From the foregoing it will be appreciated that, although specific embodiments of the invention have been described herein for purposes of illustration, various modifications may be made without deviating from the spirit and scope of the invention. Accordingly, the invention is not limited except as by the appended claims and the

5 equivalents thereof.

CLAIMS

1. A method for managing client-server communications, comprising:
providing a server with functions and interface methods;
providing a client with references to the interface methods; and
processing client requests by invoking the interface methods on the server via the references to the interface methods.
2. The method of claim 1, wherein providing a server with functions and interface methods comprises providing a table of pointers for the functions.
3. The method of claim 2, wherein providing a client with references to the interface methods comprises providing references to the table of pointers.
4. The method of claim 3, wherein processing client requests comprises generating requests from the client for functions from the server by referencing the table of pointers for the requested functions and generating responses from the server to provide the functions requested through the table of pointers.
5. A method for network device subsystem operations, the method, comprising:
implementing a first component in the network device, the first component having functions and function pointers corresponding to the functions;
implementing a second component in the network device, the second component having references to the function pointers in the first component;
generating a request from the first component for a function in the second component via the corresponding reference to the function pointer; and
generating a response from the second component to provide the requested function to the first component.

6. The method of claim 5, wherein implementing the first component comprises providing a table of function pointers.

7. The method of claim 6, wherein implementing the second component comprises providing references to the table of function pointers;

8. The method of claim 7, wherein generating a request from the first component comprises referencing the table of pointers for the requested function.

9. The method of claim 8, wherein generating a response from the second component comprises receiving the request from the first component and invoking the requested function via the table of pointers.

10. A method of interfacing communications in a network station for a data-over-cable network having a plurality of network stations, the method comprising:

providing a plurality of components in the network station, each of the plurality of components having a functionality set and a table of pointers for the functionality set;

providing a station manager having references to the tables of pointers in the plurality of components;

providing an interface manager for communication with the plurality of components and the station manager; and

processing station manager requests for functionality from the components through the interface manager via the references to the tables of pointers.

11. The method of claim 10, wherein processing station manager requests comprises:

generating requests at the station manager for functionality through the references to the tables of pointers and sending the requests for functionality to the interface manager; and

receiving the requests for functionality at the interface manager and invoking the functionality from the requested functionality sets via the table of pointers.

12. The method of claim 11, wherein the requests for functionality are processed serially by the interface manager.

13. The method of claim 11, wherein the requests for functionality are processed by the interface manager on a first-come first-served basis.

14. The method of claim 11, wherein providing the plurality of components includes storing data referenced by the pointers are stored in a shared memory area.

15. A network device, comprising:
a server component configured with a plurality of functions and function pointers for the plurality of functions;
a client component configured with references to the function pointers; and
an interface manager configured to receive requests for functions from the client component and to invoke the requested functions from the server component via the function pointers.

16. The device of claim 15, wherein the client component is configured to request functions through the references to function pointers.

17. The device of claim 16, wherein the interface manager is configured to receive the references to function pointers and to determine the requested functions to invoke through the references to the function pointers.

18. The device of claim 15, wherein the server component is configured to include a table of pointers to the functions.

19. The device of claim 18, wherein the client component is configured to reference the functions through the table of pointers.

20. A system for managing communications in a network station for a data-over-cable network having a plurality of network stations, the system comprising:
a plurality of components in the network station, each of the plurality of components having a functionality set and a table of pointers for the functionality set;
a station manager having references to the tables of pointers in the plurality of components; and
an interface manager for communication with the plurality of components and the station manager, the interface manager configured to process station manager requests for functionality from the components through the interface manager via the references to the tables of pointers.

21. The system of claim 20, wherein the station manager is configured to generate requests for functionality through the references to the tables of pointers and sending the requests for functionality to the interface manager; and the interface manager is configured to receive the requests for functionality and to invoke the functionality from the requested functionality sets via the table of pointers.

22. The system of claim 20, wherein the interface manager is configured to process requests for functionality serially.

23. The system of claim 20, wherein the interface manager is configured to process requests for functionality on a first-come first-served basis.

24. The system of claim 20, further comprising a shared memory area for storing all data referenced by the pointers.

SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR INTERFACING NETWORK STATION SUBSYSTEMS

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A network station subsystem architecture that uses a simplified interface reference discovery method and system is provided. In one embodiment a method for managing client-server communications is disclosed that includes providing a server with functions and interface methods; providing a client with references to the interface methods; and processing client requests by invoking the interface methods on the server via the references. Ideally, the interface methods are implemented by providing the server with a table of pointers to the functions, and providing the client with references to the table of pointers, ideally at the time of design. In another embodiment, a system for managing communications in a network station for a data-over-cable network having a plurality of network stations is provided. The system includes a plurality of components in the network station, each of the plurality of components having a functionality set and a table of pointers for the functionality set; a station manager having references to the tables of pointers in the plurality of components; and an interface manager for communication with the plurality of components and the station manager, the interface manager configured to process station manager requests for functionality from the components through the interface manager via the references to the tables of pointers.

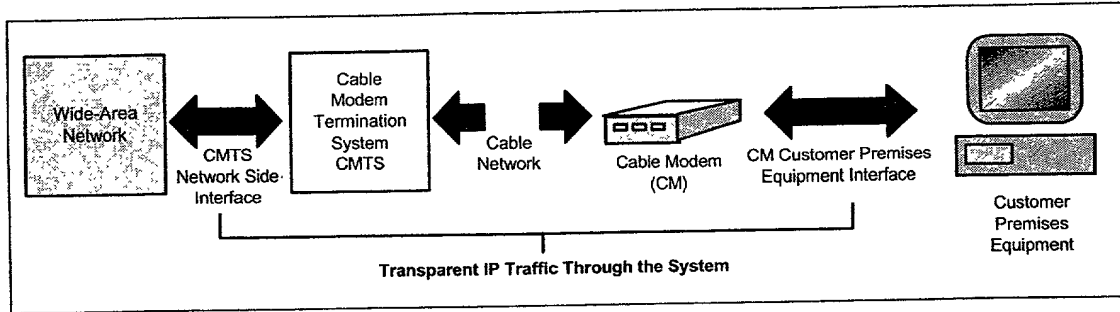


Figure 1 Transparent IP Traffic Through the Data-Over-Cable System

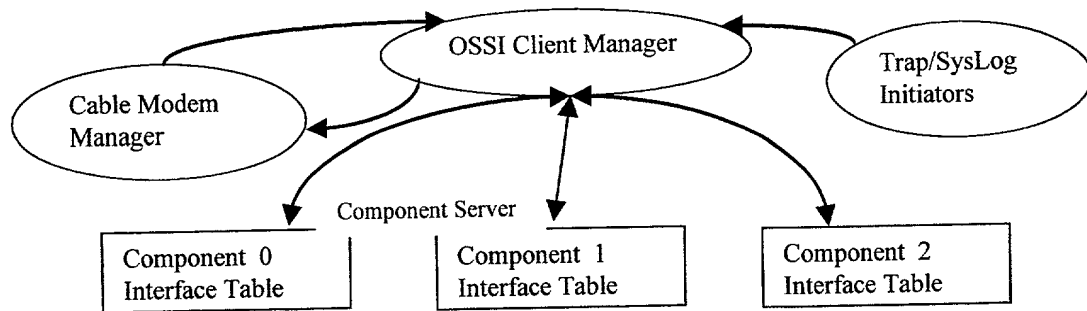


Figure 2 - General view of Interface with the OSSI Client Manager